1 The diagram shows parallelogram *EFGH*.



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

EF = 9.3 cmFG = 14.7 cmAngle  $EFG = 106^{\circ}$ 

(a) Work out the area of the parallelogram.Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

(b) Work out the length of the diagonal *EG* of the parallelogram. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

(3)

(Total for Question 1 is 5 marks)

2 Here is a right-angled triangle.



Work out the value of *x*.

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

*x* = .....

(Total for Question 2 is 3 marks)



ABCD is a quadrilateral where A, B, C and D are points on a circle.

AB = 8 cmBC = 7.5 cmAngle  $ABC = 98^{\circ}$ Angle  $ACD = 35^{\circ}$ 

Work out the perimeter of quadrilateral *ABCD*. Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

..... cm

(Total for Question 3 is 6 marks)

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

4 The diagram shows the positions of three ships, *A*, *B* and *C*.



Ship B is due north of ship A.

The bearing of ship *C* from ship *A* is  $120^{\circ}$ 

Calculate the bearing of ship *C* from ship *B*. Give your answer correct to the nearest degree.

(Total for Question 4 is 5 marks)

5 The diagram shows a sector *OBC* of a circle with centre *O* and radius (6 + x) cm.



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

A is the point on OB and D is the point on OC such that OA = OD = 6 cm

Angle  $BOC = 50^{\circ}$ 

Given that

the perimeter of sector  $OBC = 2 \times$  the perimeter of triangle OAD

find the value of *x*.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

*x* = .....

(Total for Question 5 is 6 marks)

6 Here is triangle *ABC* 



Work out the value of *x* Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

*x* = .....

(Total for Question 6 is 5 marks)

7 The diagram shows quadrilateral ABCD



The angle *BCD* is acute.

Given that the area of triangle  $BCD = 405 \text{ cm}^2$ 

work out the size of angle ABD

Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

•••••

0

8 The diagram shows triangle *ABC* 



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Work out the length of the side *AB* Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm

(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)

9 The diagram shows triangle PQR



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

 $PQ = 1.6 \,\mathrm{cm}$   $PR = 4.2 \,\mathrm{cm}$ 

Angle  $PRQ = 18^{\circ}$ 

Given that angle *PQR* is obtuse,

work out the area of triangle *PQR* Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

(Total for Question 9 is 6 marks)

10 AEC and BED are chords of a circle.



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Angle  $DAE = 48^{\circ}$ 

 $AE = (x + 5) \,\mathrm{cm}$ 

Work out the size of angle *ADE* Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

0

(Total for Question 10 is 5 marks)

11 Here is a shape formed from two triangles *ABC* and *CDE ACD* and *BCE* are straight lines.



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

AC = 24 cm BC = 31 cm CE = 19 cm CD = 16 cm

Angle  $BAC = 64^{\circ}$ 

Work out the length of *DE* Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

(Total for Question 11 is 5 marks)

**12** Here is a triangle *ABC* 



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

The area of the triangle is  $(x^2 + x - 3.75)$  cm<sup>2</sup>

Find the size of the largest angle in triangle *ABC* Give your answer correct to the nearest degree.

0

(Total for Question 12 is 6 marks)

Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

13 The diagram shows a triangle ABC and a flagpole BF



A, B and C are points on horizontal ground.

BF is vertical.

$$AB = 9 \text{ m}$$
  $BC = 11 \text{ m}$   $AC = 16 \text{ m}$   $BF = 10 \text{ m}$ 

*D* is the point on *AC* such that angle  $BDC = 90^{\circ}$ 

Work out the size of the angle of elevation of the point F from the point D Give your answer correct to one decimal place.

(Total for Question 13 is 5 marks)